The Fort Definite Wagon Road.—An interesting despatch has been received by the Secretary of War from Mr. E. F. Beale, superintendent for the construction of the Fort Defiance wagon road. It is dated El Paso, July 14th. Camels were furnished to this expedition for the th. Camels were turnsated to this cape.

arpose of testing their usefulness in this country. Mr.

ale writes that they bore the journey across the plain ands each of provender for the mules. He expresses opinion that he would rather manage twenty camels

### LATER FROM TEXAS.

The Galveston Civilian of the 26th ultimo publishes other returns of the vote at the late election. They are the same tune as those heretofore received, and there the majority of Runnels, the democratic candidate governor, will not be far from 10,000 either way, and The El Paso mail arrived at San Antonio on the 22d. the Herald learns that about 800 votes were polled in El aso county; about 15 for Houston, the remainder for

The San Antonio Texan learns that the Indians are ain making their appearance at several points on the atier. The Texan fears that they will soon renew their

as on the plains in the upper country.
The Texan also learns that Capt. Whiting, of the 2d dry, who went in pursuit of the Indians that attacked Wallace and his party with the San Diego mail, has

nce of the continued insecurity of the Goliad rout-indianola, and of the fact reported officially of an in nded attack upon a wagon train containing antiscor-nics for the sick of the army in Texas, Major Genera wiggs, commanding the department of Texas, has or-ared an officer to inspect the route by Columbus and ouston to Galveston, intending, if found suitable, to ablish it as a route for the transportation of army sup-

lies from the sea coast. The San Antonio Texan learns, by a letter from Fort The San Antonio Texan learns, by a letter from Portularke, dated the 6th inst., that Capt. Pope and his party and arrived there. They were in good health, and exected to reach the well-camp on the Pecos within highten days. The latter states that the Indians are reorted to be very troublesome along the road, but it was abought that they would hardly dare to molest so large party as that of Capt. Pope.

The Austin State Gazette learns that Judge Cooper is

making good progress with the artesian well in that city. He has bored 280 feet, and some days ago the water had isen to within thirty feet of the surface. The water is aid to be soft and pleasant.

red Indian news:

The last accounts from Fort Lancaster state that two agagements with the Indians and United States troops led lately taken place, and but little or no impression sems to have been made on the Indians. In the first agagement Sergeant Theodore, of the 8th infantry, was alled and scalped. He was one of a party sent out to scort the Fort Davis mail, and was attacked by the Indians about twenty miles from Fort Lancaster. Captain I. S. Granger, of the 1st infantry, stationed at the latter int, promptly sent out a detachment of forty men in vagons to overtake the Indians if possible. They were hidden so well under the canvas of the wagons that the indians could not see the force brought against them, and were induced to make an attack. The men got into posion as soon as possible, and fought bravely, killing two indians without injury to themselves, but they were sholly unable to strike an effective blow. The Indians were mounted, and armed with Sharpe and Minie rifles, and when they got tired of the fight rapidly fied.

During the engagement the command saw a body of ladians passing up the Pecos, on the other side, with between fifty and seventy-five horses, doubtlessly all stolen; and though at only a distance of eight hundred yards, he United States troops could do nothing, because they were on foot."

The State Gazette, in commenting on this news, re

"The facts of this and every Indian encounter in th t show that, without mounted troops, but little o security can be given to life or property on our from

It is, therefore, to be hoped that with the sagacity trast experience of General Twiggs his views in favor mising a Texas regiment may be yet early carried

t stringent circumstances.

The sugar holders not yet inclined to give way. Possithere may be a fraction yielded this week in favor of buyers, but it is considered doubtful. steamer Catawba, from Charleston, Key West, &c.,

ed vesterday, and leaves to-day on return voyage. Empire City is off the port this morning, transferring mengers.
The British steamer "Dee" left this morning for Vers

We have had four cargoes of Africans in the last ten 38, and over 1,700 landed, not far off from this mu-

al jurisdiction. We had a celebration of the royal ctation—news having been received by last Britishner—masses in the cathedral—every body assisting with illuminations of the Palace and public square.

Buchanan is President of the United States, and the democratic party—Mobile Mercury.

Precisely, and, what is better, he will do all in his er to keep the States united, well knowing that he do this in no way more effectually than by carrying stitutional duties. The constitution has guided and democratic spirit has impelled him hitherto, and ave no shadow of doubt that they will do the same after. Though not indifferent to the honest opinof any he will be turned from his patriotic course by of the abuse of northern fanatics, nor by the cenin the South who bear no good will to demey, and who possess little love for the federal oubt his capacity or integrity know little of the er and character of the man they calumniate.

Louisiana Courier.

ary and veritable hero for their candidate for gov-or, General Ralph P. Lowe, formerly of Dayton, Ohio. Dubuque Times (republican) thus speaks of his mili-

"In our last war with Great Britain Mr. Lowe's pa-dism rose above his paternal feelings, and his own and family's interests, and he enlisted and served under a. Anthony Wayne—better known, perhaps, as 'Mad thony'—during the entire campaign, displaying, un-several trying circumstances, great coolness, bravery.

Mad Anthony" was in his grave long before the last onnmenced, and before Mr. Lowe saw the light of And as he is comparatively a young man yet-not fifty at furthest—he could not have performed many

e old bag which carried the entire mail between ford, Middletown, and New Haven in 1775, is still red in the rooms of the Historical Society at Hart-it is about eight inches wide by fourteen long, and

Nor need we expect more security in even the strongest banking-house conducted by private individuals. Indeed the most extensive operators at a time like this are more to be dreaded than those of less reputation; for the con-

when the inevitable explosion comes.

The great question to be asked and answered by the people at this crisis is, what relations do these failing and insolvent institutions bear to political parties? What party is responsible for these disasters to the people? The remedy is in a great part political. That party whose

eculiar claims upon the popular regard.

We do not say that legislation can or should assume to legitimate transactions in their business. But we do say that much of the present evil and all the distrust in Ohio might have been prevented, and greater safety secured in future, had legislation withheld from banking institutions nany of the powers they now possess, and denied to them the custody and use of the public treasure, by which alone many of our banks and bankers, at this very hour, are enabled to avoid a bankruptcy most disgraceful

o themselves and ruinous to the people.

It is well known that no banking system that has exsted in Ohio has for many years found favor in the action or estimation of the democratic party. More recently the best men of all parties have doubted whether any system has ever been established in this country adequate to the objects for which banks have always demanded their

and past experiments in money corporations, and de-structive as have been the effects of their periodical failares upon community, the dependence of the credit of the State upon these institutions is sadly liable to bring still greater damage upon the general welfare. Public faith should never be at the mercy of stock speculators and irresponsible adventurers. And yet this day it is more than doubtful whether a large amount of the money of Ohio is not locked up in the vaults, or has not been made way with by an institution in which our State officers, contrary to repeated caution, have been placing

It may well be doubted, too, whether there is a county treasurer in the State, especially of the republican party, who has not now nearly the entire funds of the county deposited in a bank, especially if there be one in his county. We venture the assertion that if the county and State moneys held by banks as depositaries were all drawn out, not one in a dozen of these institutions could go through a trial of their solvency of two days' duration. We are expressing the opinion, we know, of some of the best informed financial men in Ohio. What safety, then, is there, particularly in this period of general peril, in any moneyed institution as a public depository? And yet safery, whatever the ordeal of panic or actual revul. sion, local or universal, is the sole desideratum of any agency for the custody and disbursement of public money. Let the private depositors of any institution which now holds the money of a county or the State make a run, as holds the money of a county or the State mase a run, as may happen anywhere and at any moment, and who can tell what might be the consequence to the public treas-ure? It is only necessary to remember what the State has lost already by these institutions, in easy times, to approximate in conjecture what danger the State stands in every hour now, that we know not the instant when

in every hour now, that we know not the instant when the whole banking system of the country may go under. It is impossible, in the nature of things, that banks, created for the very purpose of speculation, can be safe-keepers of the public money. In times of danger, when they should be most safe and secure, such custodians are the most dangerous. No man who reads these words this morning would be surprised to learn before the night comes that any single bank or system in the country has yielded to the stringent pressure now bearing upon all, and tumbled to the ground—a monument of its

nherent worthlessness.

The democracy of Ohio have long sought, but hithe in vain, to prevail upon the people to adopt a system of public finance demonstrated by experience in all times, alike of prosperity and adversity, to be free from liability to such a catastrophe as we are at present going through It is only necessary to state the fact. Passing events of the nost alarming significance are making the application.

LORD PALMERSTON ON THE INDIAN FORCE.

the Indian debate in the Commons on the 20th Lord Palmerston said:

My honorable friend the Under-Secretary of State for War has explained generally the points of detail which have been referred to in the course of this debate. I can only repeat what he has said, that in fixing the number of the militia which we in the first instance think it expedient to imbody, we by no means bind ourselves not to call out more if circumstances should render it expedient to do so. However, recruiting has gone on with great success in spite of the harvest, and we entertain no doubt that when the operations incident to this period of the year are completed, the number enrolled will very rapidly increase, and we shall within a very limited period be able to place in the ranks a number of men equal to that which has been sent to India. My honorable and gallant friend, the member for Westminster, repeated to-night a very natural suggestion which was made on a night a very natural suggestion which was made on a previous evening, that these troops should be sent to In-dia in screw line-of-battle ships, which could easily be night a very natural suggestion which was made on a previous evening, that these troops should be sent to India in screw line-of-battle ships, which could easily be adapted to that purpose, which could be navigated by a small screw, and would carry a large number of men with convenience and despatch. In the first instance such an arrangement may appear to be very advantageous, but I would request the House to bear in mind other considerations in regard to the amount of our military force at home which have been very forcibly dwelt upon. We were reminded that we had been compelled to despatch to distant stations a large portion of the military force for which we asked, and which Parliament granted, for the general purposes of the country in time of peace, and it was said. "By so doing you have greatly weakened your defensive means at home, and foreign countries may take advantage of your weal ness, and either hold language which you ought not to bear or do things to which you ought not to submit." The answer which I gave to that was, the people of this country would not endure conduct of that sort, and that if an emergency should require it men would be raised rapidly and upon the sudden. That very consideration, however, shows how in expedient it would be to send to the other end of the world the greater portion of our naval force. [Hear, hear.] Because, although these steam line-of-battle ships are, it is true, lying in ordinary and of no immediate use, yet if any of these events should occur we should want suddenly to put to sea a large fleet; and how could we do that if the ships which we should require were doing duty as transports in the Indian seas! Therefore I think that prudence shows that the despatch of these ships to the East would have been a very inexpedient course. In fact, it would have been falling into the error which the great orator of Greece imputed to the Persians. He said: "When you strike a blow at one part of them they put forth their hand to that part and leave exposed every other, whic

FOR SALE, very valuable real estate on Pennsylvania arenue.—The property adjoining on the east, the vacant lot at corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 15th street. It fronts to a 36-feet alley.

Further particulars, terms, &c., made known on application to KRILER & McKENNEY, 15th atreet, opposite Treasury Department.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

LESSON.

The people of Ohio are now passing through the gravest trials. Almost without previous intimation, a storm of financial explosions has burst upon us, leaving plenty of rulns to look back upon, and in future, we fear, still greater peril than we have yet encountered. Every telegraphic column in the daily newspapers is crowded with reports of new failures.

The suspension of the Trust Company, without a single word of warning, might well shake public confidence in the solvency of all incorporated banking institutions. Nor need we expect more security in even the strongest

word of warning, might well shake public confidence the solvency of all incorporated banking institutions. Indeed the solvency of all incorporated banking institutions in need we expect more security in even the strongest king-house conducted by private individuals. Indeed in most extensive operators at a time like this are more be dreaded than those of less reputation; for the connect reposed in them by the community during seasons prosperity only serves to augment their power for evil then the inevitable explosion comes.

The great question to be asked and answered by the ople at this crisis is, what relations do these failing and solvent institutions bear to political parties? What try is responsible for these disasters to the people? The try is responsible for these disasters to the people? The meedy is in a great part political. That party whose meeting is a great part political. That party whose meeting is a great part political and the solvent institutions bear to political and the solvent institutions bear to political parties? What try is responsible for these disasters to the people? The whose lot, with the exception of the sheep, on which there was considerable loss, sold at a large advance.

We were shown on Taesday last, says the Asheville

pathies and principles are adverse to an unlimited engagement of corporations, clothed with great powers control, inflate, and speculate in the currency, has now uliar claims upon the popular regard.

We do not say that legislation can or should assume to ulate the habits and passions of stock-gamblers, and not fletitious capital, so as to prevent unsound and illitimate transactions in their business. But we do say the much of the present evil and all the distrust in Ohio the much of the present evil and all the distrust present eve

efforts.

Hon. John Jay has recently purchased the house situate in the town of Lewisbore', Westchester county, New York, in which Major Andre, the spy, was confined subsequent to his interception by Paulding, Williams, and Van Wert. The building is a one-story plain structure, with a basement or high cellar underneath, and is in a good state of preservation. Mr. Jay has stepped in in good time to secure and perpetuate this object of revolutionary interest, which, in common with too many others of a similar character all over the country, has thus far been suffered to go unreclaimed.

The Olean (N. Y.) Advertiser thus notices editorially

The Olean (N. Y.) Advertiser thus notices editorial that Mr. N. S. Butler, one of our most enterprising mer-chants, and Miss Libbie A. Wade, were united in the bonds of matrimony, at the First Presbyterian Church in this village, on Tuesday morning last. The happy couple started the same day for New York, where the bridegroom intends purchasing a larger stock of goods than ever for net cash.

net cash.

The executive committee of the Alabama State Agricultural Society, at a recent meeting, passed a resolution inviting Hon. Edward Everett to be present on the occasion of the approaching fair of the society, to deliver an address on agriculture and his address on "the Life, Character and Death of Washington."

The renowned imported stallion "Glencoe" died at the stables of Mr. Keen Richards, in Scott county, Kentucky, on Tuesday last. He was a splendid racer in England in his younger days. He was 25 years old. Mr. Richards purchased him a few months since for three thousand dollars. Two hunters killed 54 rattlesnakes on the 23d of Au-

gust on Rattlesnake hill, Sullivan county, N. Y. There were besides, in embryo, more than 1,000; twenty-four were taken from one venerable head of a great many broods; many of the old ones were three and four feet Accounts from Liberia announce that the colonists w

suffering severely from want of food. The failure of the rice crop and the lack of industry on the part of the eml-grants from the United States seems to have produced a grants from the United States seems to have produced a sorry state of affairs in the colony.

Among the arrivals by the steamer Asia at New York, from Liverpool, are Charles Matthews, the comedian, Max Maretzek and his new prima donna, Signora Ramos, and the danseuse, M'lle Lamaroux, who forms one of Signor Ronzani's ballet troupe.

nor Ronzani's ballet troupe.

According to the Saratoga papers, the arrivals at the several hotels at that place for seventy-four days have been 17,138, against 19,605 for seventy-five days last year. The hotels will continue open until the 1st of October.

The South Carolinian of Tuesday says: "A despatch last evening to President Caldwell informs us of the connexion of the Georgia and South Carolina milroad, by the completion of one of the tracks, at 4, p. m., yesterday." According to the accounts of the New York insurance offices 406 vessels, mostly American, have been lost during the eight months of 1857, valued, with their cargoes, at \$11,586,200.

Portable steam-engines are employed in Philadelphia to hoist brick and mortar in the erection of buildings. Three men are employed to each machine, and the labor of six men is saved. The New York Day Book says that there is a married lady in that city who enjoys the luxury of no less than one hundred and twenty dresses, twenty-nine of which

The tobacco crop in the Connecticut valley looks un-commonly promising. The surface set this year is said to be larger than ever before.

## THE COLUMBIAN COLLEGE.

THE ANNUAL SESSION of this institution will

Previous.

The preparatory department of the institution will open on Wednesday, the sinth (9th) of September. It will be under the supervision of the college officers, and will be provided with the best instruction. For admission, or further information, apply to the president of the college.

8. PRENTES.

CHOOL STATIONERY.—Slates, Copy Books, Exercise and Composition Books, and all the requisites for school tuntion, for sale, on the lowest terms, at TAYLOR & MAURY'S

Sep 3 -3t THOMAS R. SUTER, LUEB LEA, LUTHER R. SMOOT. SUTER, LEA, & Co., } Bankers, } SURE, LAS.

WASHINGTON OTT.

MOOT, RUSSELL, & CO., Bankers, Leavenworth
Olity, K. T., dealers in exchange, uncurrent bank notes, and lan
warrants. Agents for the purchase and sale of lands and city low
and all business appertaining to a first-class land agency.

and all business appertaining to a first-class land agency.

LUTHER R. SMOOT; WM. H. RUSCELL, (Of Majors, Russell, & Co.,) THOMAS R. SUTER, LUKE LEA,

Corner Main and Shawnee streets, opposite Planters' Hotel, Ap 18—dkcpbm Leavenworth City, K. University of Nashville.

THE Medical Department opens November 2; the free preliminary course, October 5, 1857. Apply to PAUL F. EVE, Dean.

The Collegiate Department, Western Military Institute, community session September 7. It comprises a complete classical community of the compression of the complete classical community community community and agriculturances, and a preparatory school. Tuition, boarding, washing \$100 per term of twenty weeks. Modern languages, &c., each \$1 term.

term.

Last session there were 630 students in the two departments.

Apply to

Namville, Tenn., July 11, 1857.

Aug 5—3mdaw&w\*

American Gothic and Brass-Foil Roofing. INVENTED BY EUGENIO LATILLA, ARCHITECT, M. S. B. A. & DESIGNS made for concrete churches, villas, cot-tages, and farm buildings. Office, Goibica, near Chappaqua, June 17—dtf

# Washington Insurance Company.

THIS Company is now prepared to receive applications for insurance on buildings, merchandise, &c., at the small city rates, without any charge for policy, at their office, corner of Tenth street and Penn, avenue, over the Washington City Savings

PURNITURE AND HOUSE-FURNISHING Goods

Aug 25 sodies

LOCAL NEWS.

THE CAPITOL EXPENSIONS.—The appropriations for Capitol extensions have been as follows : Capitol extensions have been as follows:
September 30, 1851.
By joint resolution of April 4, 1852...
By deficiency bill for year ending June 30, 1853.
By general appropriation bill ending June 30, 1854.
By general appropriation bill ending June 30, 1855.
By general appropriation bill ending June 30, 1856.
By general appropriation bill ending June 30, 1857.
By general appropriation bill ending June 30, 1857.

It is estimated that \$1.185.183 will still be necessary for their completion, so that the entire cost of the ex-tensions, when completed, will be over five and a half millions. The cost of the old building and grounds was about three millions; and it is thought that the new dome will not fall short of one million and a half; so that the American Capitol, when completed, and by the

finishing touch of art crowned the finest building in the world, will have cost about ten millions of dollars.

THE NEW CODE.-"One of the revisors" of the new ode of laws for the District of Columbia says that he Attorney General, in conformity with the provisions of the act of Congress, by the 20th of the present month. As altered and amended by the revision, it will be printed as early as practicable and distributed among the people. The President of the United States will then issue his proclamation appointing a day upon which the qualified roters of the District will pass judgment upon it—either rejecting or accepting it. If accepted, it will be reported by the President to Congress. The revisor is satisfied that it will be printed by the first of November, giving whole month for the people to consider and vot

country have been amended, from time to time, to meet the demands of the public, those which prevail in this District are nearly the same as when the State of Mary-land ceded the land for the seat of the general govern-ment. Repeated efforts have been made for the forma-tion of a code, but none of the plans were consummated. We trust that we shall have better fortune this time Any change cannot be for the worse, for the laws here-about are not only antiquated, but fail to answer all the

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The board of directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal held their regu-lar monthly meeting on Thursday last. The amount of money actually received by the company for the twenty-three days of August on which navigation was possible was \$19,464 53; but this will be increased from the Harper's Ferry collection, so that \$20,000, or approaching one thousand dollars a day, will be the receipts for August. Most of the business of the meeting consisted

A Proposition has been made to establish a new ferry between this city and Alexandria, to run from the foot of Sixth and Seventh streets. The vessel which will be sed, should the enterprise be successful, will be an iron steam ferry boat, of sufficient strength and power to aid Powhatan in keeping the channel open between the two cities in the severest winter months. It is estimated that the cost of such a boat will not exceed twenty-five

THE WESTERN GATE-WAY into the new Post Office build ing is in the form of a triumphal arch, and the spandrils and keystone are decorated with sculpture. The design embraces a mask of Fidelity, with the usual emblems, on the key-stone, and winged figures in the spandrils, representing steam and electricity, the genti of the railro telegraph. This sculpture is cut in marble and cost about

Another Break.—There has been another break in the Chesapeake and Ohio canal at Sharpless's Landing, three miles above Williamsport, Maryland. This break was caused by a leak in a culvert. It is one hundred and nine feet long and twenty-five feet deep. Five weeks, it is estimated, will be required to repair it.

THE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION will meet this morning 11 o'clock in the Smithsonian Institution. A report of the recent teachers' meetings at Albany, New York; Mon-treal, Canada; Mauchester, New Haven; and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, is expected. All teachers and persons interested are invited to attend.

residence of his father, Captain Peck, on E street, on Thursday last. His body was buried at Glenwood cemetery. It was escorted to the grave by the President' Mounted Guard. The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Teasdale,

SANDY-BAR, a fishing shore on the Potomac river, in Thursday afternoon to Richard Ellis, of Georgetown, for

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION Of this city will commence a new mission school on Sunday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock, at the Western Hose building, in the

ONE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE tons of coal arrived at Georgetown yesterday morning by the

Chesapeake and Ohio canal. COAL. But three hundred and twelve tons of coal

arrived at the landing for this city yesterday. The win-ter supplies of this necessary article come in but slowly. Marble Manufactures, Tombs, Statuettes, Etc.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully invites the attention of the public to his large and elegant stock of MARBLES, TOMESTONES, AND MONUMENTS, At his establishment on E street north, between Twelfth and Thirt

streets.

He has in his employ carvers and other experienced workers in fine and coarse marbles, and in every other description of stone.

MARBLE MANTELS OF THE LATEST STYLES, Of his own manufacture, and of superior quality LINTHIS, DOOR AND WINDOW SILLS, CARRIAGE STEPS, NEW YORK PLAGGING, &c.

In fact, everything that is required in the marble and; stone business, either for utility or tasts for the fine arts.

He deems a particular description of his stock unnecessary, but corduly tuvites a visit to his yard, where every one can judge for him

self.

In addition to the above-enumerated articles he has a number of beautifully-wrought statuettes, suitable for either the tomb or the garden; some of them imported by himself from Raly. If these pleas not the fancy, he will manufacture to order such as may be desired. By his varied facilities, promptness, and strict attention to business he hopes to meet the expectations of his pairors.

Estreet north, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

Sep 3—46m

WINTER FUEL NOW ON HAND AND ON the way— 600 tons white ash egg coal for radiators 750 tons white ash broken coal for furnac 600 tons red ash egg coal for grates
300 tons small size for range and cooking store

Large supplies of FINE, OAK, AND ENCOUNT WOOD.

As we are weekly receiving large supplies of all kinds of fuel, we seel confident we can make it to the advantage of all those who may aver us with their orders.

APPrompt personal sitenties given to every order.

APPCont kept in floored and roofed yards.

Select School for Young Ladies, ENGLISH AND FRENCH, No. 309 F street, between 11th and 12th

THIS SCHOOL will be opened on Monday, September 14, under the personal superintendence of Photosor bonald Macleed and the ladies of his family, with assistants of ability and experience. For thorough interary culture, social advantage, and the comforts of home, it presents peculiar attractions to boarding and day

BY TELEGRAPH

Great Roce at the Horse Pair at Elmira ELMIRA, Sept. 2—3. in.—The first contest between Flora Temple and Lancet has just taken place. The conditions were mile heats; best two in three, with Flora in harness and Lancet under the saddle. The following is the result: First, Flora Temple: second, Lancet; third, Mille: s Damsel; fourth, Red Bird. Time—2.28 and 2.27. Ten thousand people were on the ground. The great contest for the \$2,000 prize will take place on Saturday. To-morrow there will be a review of the fire companies.

Locusville, Sept. 3.—Thirty-two young horses were exhibited to-day. They were very superior, particularly the stallions. There have been large additions to the fruit and machinery departments. The latter is very large, containing very valuable machines; and the exhibition is every way superior to the previous days. The attandance to-day is estimated at 12,000 to 15,000. The weather is fine. A letter from Vice President Breckinridge says that he will be here on Friday. avs that he will be here on Friday.

Aspinwall, for New York, with her foretop-mast gone, foremast sprung, and loss of salls. The crew were sick with the Chagres fever. Extraordinary Wheat Crop in the South. Augusta, Sept. 4.—The receipts of wheat in this city for the month of August amounted to upwards of 500,-

Nonrolk, Sept. 4 .- Arrived the brig Arabella from

WHEELING, (Va.,) Sept. 4.—The river still continues in

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4. —Withington & Eastman, imported sugar and molasses, have failed to a large amount. BUFFALO, Sept. 4.—Oliver, Lee, & Co.'s bank has sus-sended. Other banks are strong. There is no excite-

Bratheboro, (Vt.,) Sept. 4.—A terrible fire occurred here this morning, burning twenty buildings, including several fine dwellings, a paper mill, and Esty's rule fac-

Awards at the National 'Agricultural Exhibition

Awards at the National Agricultural Exhibition.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 4.—The following are the awards made by the society, based upon the trials at Syracuse in July last: C. H. McCormick, of Chicago, a gold medal; Walter A. Wood, of Hoosuc Falls, N. Y., a silver medal; Warder, Brokaw, & Child, of Springfield, Ohio, a bronze medal; Jonathan Haines, of Pekin, Ill., a diploma.

For reapers and movers combined: Walter A. Wood, a gold medal; D. M. Osborne, of Buffalo, a silver medal; Warder, Brokaw, & Child, a bronze medal.

No awards for machines were made this morning.

Alexandria Boarding School

For Young Men and Boys, Alexandria, Virginia.

THE 34th annual session of this institution will commence on the let of tenth month, (October.) Besides the ordinary branches of an English education, and the Latin, Greek, French, and Spanish languages, there are taught the various branches of natural science, and a complete and thorough course of mathematics, pure and mixed. The institution is supplied with a good library, a large collection of minerals and geological specimens, an extensive philosophical and chemical apparatos, an astronomical observatory, containing a good telescope, transit instrument, astronomical clock, Troughton's circle, &c., a meteorelogical observatory, a chemical manipulations and the analysis of minerals, soils, &c., and every known facility is afforded for the advancement of the students in the different departments of study.

The mathematical coorse embraces field instruction in the use of the compass, theodolite, and level, so as to qualify the student for engaging in practical surveying, or the initiatory duties of a civil engaging in practical surveying, or the initiatory duties of a civil engaging in practical surveying, or the initiatory duties of a civil engaging in practical surveying, or the initiatory duties of a civil engaging in practical surveying, or the initiatory duties of a civil engaging in practical surveying, or the initiatory duties of a civil enders the students individual instruction and aid, not only during the hours specially devoted to study, but also at all other times when needed. Besides these are the teacher of modern languages and the teacher of drawing. A full course of lectures on natural philosophy, chemistry is delivered to all the students during each term.

Greulars containing further information can be obtained by addressing Benjamin Hallowell & Sons, Alexandria, Va.

HENRY C. HALLOWELL, FRANCE MILLER.

CHOOL BOOKS of the latest editions, and strongly bowns, such as are used in the city and District; for sale at the lowest prices by

FRANCK TAYLOR.

Georgetown College.

Studies will be resumed in this institution on Monday, the 7th of September next.

B. A. MAGUER,
President.

FOR RENT:—A rare chance.—Now under construction, 12 large and airy rooms, with all the conventences of water and lights. The location is in the principal business square of the city, and the rooms are well adapted for dentists, daguerreo-typists, offices, &c. Also, a convenient and siry basement, suitable for any light business. The whole fluided and well lighted in the most insproved manner, after the New York styles.

WALL STEPHENS,
No. 322 Pennsylvania avenue,
between 9th and 10th streets, outrance on D street.

Aug 19—Imff

MOST ABSORBING BOOK OF THE AGE-Consuelo; by George Sand. Price 50 cents. Conseelo; by George Sand. Price 50 cents.
The Countees of Rudolstadt; by George Sand. 50 cents.
Sylvester Sound, the Sounnabulat; by Henry Cockton. 50 cents.
Corinne, or Italy; by Madenne De Staol. 60 cents.
Life and Beautiss of Fainy Forn, 2 volumes. 81; bound \$1 25.
Sam Slick, the Clockmakor, 2 vols. \$1; bound \$1 25.
Con Cregan, the Irials Gil Bias; by Charles Lever. 50 cents.
Just received at

TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore, Sep 2-3t Near 9th street

P.R. C. H. VAN PATTEN, Dentist, expects to reach his home by the 8th September proximo, when, with renewed vigor and energy, he will resume his professional duties. With abundant reason for believing that his efforts in Washington during the past eighteen years have proved generally satisfactory, he is determined yet more and more to morit the public confidence and patronage, which he again respectfully solicits.

Office (as heretofore) at his residence, Codar Hill Villa, Pennsylvania avenue, near Georgetown.

Sep 2-47t

JONES & NOELL,

Attorneys-at-Law.
DUBUQUE, IOWA, VII.L attend faithfully and punctually to any business in the line of their profession committed to them. Collections made in Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota Territory, and proceeds promptly remitted.

PETERENCES. Col. Thomas Green.
Mosars. Pairo & Nourse. Bankers. Washington city.
Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Baltimore, Maryland.
Hon. John McKeon.
Hon. John A. Dix,
Sep 2—diff.

Mutual Life Insurance Company of Connecticut, INCORPORATED IN 1846. Capital, \$2,454,000. Annual dividend on life policies, 40 per cent Ninety-eight families were relieved during 1846 by paying \$214,905 Statements of the company's operations furnished. Those who in ured at other agencies, and have removed to this city, can have their

June 13 dly WILLARD'S HOTEL, .- J. C. & H. A. Willard, Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street, Washington, D. C.

THE Misses Hawley's French and English School
will be re-opened on Monday, September 14th, at their residence,
Aug 26—3aw3w

MISS BROOKE'S English and French Boarding and Day School FOR YOUNG LADIES,

DINGS, No. 138, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, WASS THE duties of this institution will be resumed on Monday Septomber 14th, 1857.
The number of pupils being limited, and the vacancies being few, arly application for admission is requested.
Circulars can be obtained at the bookstores, or of the principal at or residence, whence they will be forwarded to any address.

MISSES ROOKER'S English and French Boarding and day school for young ledies, No. 464 E street, between 6th and 7th, Washington eity.

The duties of this institution, which has been in successful operation for some years, will be resumed on Monday, September 14. Circulars containing particulars can be obtained at the bookstores of the city

Collector's Office, City Hall,

July 15, 1857.

OTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—Deduction for prompt payment.—Notice is hereby given that the taxes for the year 1857 are now due and payable at the office, and that a deduction of ten per cent. is allowed by isw for the current year if paid on or before the 18th day of September next.

JAS. F. HALIDAY, July 16—codify

### NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

IT IS NOT A DYE. Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's Zylobalsamum,

"Crown of Glory," belonging to youth," &c.

REV. M. THACHER, 60 years of age, Pitcher, Chenango county,
New York. "My hair is now restored; it is nothing like a dyo,"

New York. "My hair is now restored; it is nothing like a dyo,"

"We own hair said

REV. W. FORTEUS, Stanwich, Conn. "It has met my most sanguine expectation," &c.
REV. J. F. GRISWOLD, Washington, N. H. "It is really efficacious in restoring the holr," &c.
REV. G. M. SPRATT, Lewisburgh, Pennsylvania. "We can and do cheerfully recommend it," &c.
REV. J. P. TUSTIN, Charicaton, S. C. "The white hair has become obviated," &c.
REV. AMOS BLANCHARD, Meriden, N. H. "We think very highly of

your preparation," &c.

REV. B. C. SMITH, Frattaburgh, N. Y. "I was surprised to find my hair tern as when I was young," &c.

REV. C. M. CLINCH, Lewisburgh, Penn. "B has stopped my hair falling and caused a new growth," &c.

REV. A. FRINK, Chatauque county, N. Y. "I am satisfied and recommend it." ommend it."
REV. D. MORRIS, Cross River, New York. "It is the best prepara tion extant."

REV. WM. CUTTER, Editor Mothers' Magazine, New York, "recom

mends it."

We might swell this list, but, if not convinced, TRY IT.

We export these preparations to Europe even, and they are superseding all others there as well as in the United States.

It does not not of stairs. Sold by all the principal wholesale and re
tail merchants in the U. S., Cube, or Canada.

ounterfeits. Aug 18-cod3m

MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES,

THESE machines combine all the improvements that have been invented. Their extensive and increasing sale, and the manimous approval and commendation that they have received, warrant the proprietor in warmly recommending them. They have been in use sufficiently long to test them theroughly, and have given entire satisfaction.

Among the undoubted advantages that they possess over all others, are:

are:
1st. Beauty and simplicity of construction, and consequout freedom from derangement and need of repairs.
2d. Unexampled case and rapidity of operation.
3d. Noiseless movement.
4th. The remarkable perfection of their stitching, and their applicability to a variety of purposes and materials.
Principal office No. 343 Broadway, New York; and at their sgencies in the principal cities of the Union.
May 26—1y\*

A N immense assortment of seasonable fabrics con-stantly on hand; also, a full and ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF CARPETINGS.

LORD & TAYLOR, 255, 257, 259, and 261 Grand street, and 47 and 49 Oatharine stree

their large stock of printing, writing, wrapping, and all other inds of paper, which they offer for sale at the lowest market prices.

May 26—1y\*

Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

Ben. & E. A. Whitlock & Co.,

13 Reckman Street, corner of Nassau, opposite the Aston House,
PROPRIETORS OF THE PERMUM CHAMPAGNE, CREMANT CABINET

nac, viz:
Vineyard of Chateau Bernard,
Liqueur des champs d'or,
Superior vineyard, vieux Cognac.

Old Royal Hollands, Burgemaster Schnapps, And several brands of Sherry, Maderia, and Port wines, &c., &c Ales, porters, and eigars direct from shippers. CHAMPAGNE, CREMANT.

1857. WILSON G. HUNT & CO., IMPORTERS, 30 to 36 Park Place,

Woollens.

Velvet beavers
Castor do
Reversible do
Fur do
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S. C. Herring & Co.'s Patent Champion Safes. THE subscribers, grateful for past favors, and finding that a discriminating public were bestowing their patronage to that extent that more warerooms were necessary to exhibit all their stock, have enlarged their depot, by opening an extensive ware and salestroom on Broadway, at No. 251, corner of Murray street, opposite the Git Hall. This enlargement of warehouse room, with the recent extensive enlargement of their factory, will enable the subscribers to keep on hand at all times a larger stock of fice and burgharproof safes than eny other establishment in the world. Particular attention will be had to constructing safes for private families to match with other furniture, for the security of plate and jewelry.

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William Grandin.

AND UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS COMMISSIONER, No. 70 Franklin street, New York. idekoner for Maine, New Hamp;hire, Vermont, Connecticut, Rhode faland, Fennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Jowa, Wia-consin, Kentocky, Tennesiece, Louisana, Ala-bama, Mostistiput, Georgia, Florida, &c., neas, Nebraska, Minuesota, and the United States Territories.

Pensions, patents, and bounties spendify obtained, All kinds of law business successfully prosecuted. Special attention paid to Court of Claims business. May 26—dia

We would call attention to the card of Wm. Grandin, esq., who is commissioner for most of the States and Territories, and is also commissioner in the United States Court of Claims. Colonel Grandin is theroughly conversant with business connected with the departments at Washington and the practice of the United States Court of Claims.

[New York Doily News

or World's Hair Dressing is essential to use with the Restorer, and is to best hair dressing for old or young extant, being often efficacious a cases of hair failing, &c., without the Restorer, UKY. H. V. DECEN, Editor Guide to Holinasz. "We can testify to its

effects. So, Defect Code to Folkasses.

Sident J. H. EATON, LL. D., Murfreesboro', Tenn. "Notwith-standing irregular use, the falling off of hair ceased, and noy gray locks restored to original color," &c.

S. B. MORLEY, Attucboro', Massachusetts. "It has changed the "Crown of Giory," belonging to old men, to the original hue of youth," &c.

New York. "My hair is now restored; it is nothing like a sipe, see.

REV. D. T. WOOD, Middletown, New York. "My own bair said that of snother of my family has greatly thickened, where almost bail?" &c.

REV. JAMES McKEE, New York city, recommends it, &c.

REV. JAMES McKEE, New York city, recommends it, &c.

Depot, 355 Broome street, N. Y

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Fashionable Dry Goods in New York.

Gil cloths, mattings, rugs, mats, curtain materials, lace curtains, gib cornices, window shades, &c., &c., &c., MUCH BELOW REGULAR PRICES!

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THE assets of this company amount to nearly your sillions or pollars, and are entirely cash, of which three milions are housed should and mortgage on real estate in the city and State of New York valued at since stillions of dollars.

The entire profits, already amounting to one million six hundred thousand dollars, are the property of the policy holders.

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